The diagram shows a comparison of different cryptographic algorithms based on time (cycles) and space (bytes) required to generate a public key. The horizontal axis represents the time in cycles to generate a public key using the `crypto_dh_keypair` function. The vertical axis indicates the space in bytes for a public key using the `crypto_dh_PUBLICKEYBYTES` function.

Various cryptographic algorithms such as `sclaustan`, `nist521gs`, `ed521gs`, `surf2113`, `sclaustan2048`, `nistp256`, `surf127eps`, `ed448goldilocks`, `k277taa`, `ecfp256i`, `gls254prot`, `k277mon`, `ecfp256q`, `curve22519`, and more are plotted on the graph. Each point represents the performance characteristics of a specific algorithm under the given criteria.